



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

**Product name:** DOWSIL™ Contractors Paintable Sealant,  
White

**Issue Date:** 09/03/2024

**Print Date:** 11/28/2024

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

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## 1. IDENTIFICATION

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**Product name:** DOWSIL™ Contractors Paintable Sealant, White

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**  
**Identified uses:** Sealant.

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**  
THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY  
2211 H.H. DOW WAY  
MIDLAND MI 48674  
UNITED STATES

**Customer Information Number:** 800-258-2436  
SDSQuestion@dow.com

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**  
**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** CHEMTREC +1 800-424-9300  
**Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

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## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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**Hazard classification**  
GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)  
Reproductive toxicity - Category 1B

**Label elements**  
**Hazard pictograms**



Signal word: **DANGER!****Hazards**

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Precautionary statements**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
 P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
 P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and/or face protection.

**Response**

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice and/or attention.

**Storage**

P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents and/or container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**

No data available

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**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

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**Chemical nature:** Sealant

This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Trimethoxyvinylsilane	2768-02-7	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	<= 5.0 %
Dibutyl tin oxide	818-08-6	>= 0.1 - <= 0.5 %

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**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

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**Description of first aid measures****General advice:**

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Wash off with plenty of water.

**Eye contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**  
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to physician:** May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Repeated excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting lung disease. Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.

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## **5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

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### **Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical. Water spray.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** None known..

### **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides. Silicon oxides. Metal oxides. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke)..

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health..

### **Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations..

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.. Use personal protective equipment..

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## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

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**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:** Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Do not swallow. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings even after container is emptied.

Use with local exhaust ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Organic peroxides. Explosives. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Trimethoxyvinylsilane	Dow IHG	TWA	1 ppm
Titanium dioxide	Dow IHG	TWA	2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	OSHA Z-1	TWA total dust	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	ACGIH	TWA Respirable particulate matter	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , Titanium dioxide
	Further information: A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans		
	ACGIH	TWA Respirable particulate matter	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , Titanium dioxide
	Further information: A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans		
Dibutyl tin oxide	OSHA Z-1	TWA	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , Tin
	ACGIH	TWA	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , Tin
	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen; Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption		
	ACGIH	STEL	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , Tin
	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen; Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption		

Methanol	ACGIH	TWA	200 ppm
Further information: Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption			
	ACGIH	STEL	250 ppm
Further information: Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption			
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	260 mg/m3 200 ppm

The following substance(s), which have Occupational Exposure Limit(s) (OEL), may be formed during handling or processing: Methanol.

**Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Methanol	67-56-1	Methanol	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	15 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

**Exposure controls**

**Engineering controls:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

**Individual protection measures**

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields). If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Neoprene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyethylene. Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. When respiratory protection is required, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

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**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

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<b>Appearance</b>	
Physical state	paste
Color	bronze
Odor	Mild odor
Odor Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Melting point/ range	No data available
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	No data available
Flash point	No data available
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not classified as a flammability hazard
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No data available
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.5
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Kinematic Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**Chemical stability:** Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions to avoid:** None known.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition products:**

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Toxic gases/vapors/fumes. Methanol.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data are available.*

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

### Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

#### Acute Toxicity Endpoints:

Not classified based on available information.

#### Acute oral toxicity

##### Information for the Product:

Very low toxicity if swallowed. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

##### Information for components:

#### Trimethoxyvinylsilane

This substance may hydrolyze to release Methanol. Methanol is highly toxic to humans and may cause central nervous system effects, visual disturbances up to blindness, metabolic acidosis, and degenerative damage to other organs including liver, kidney, and heart.

LD50, Rat, male, 7,120 mg/kg

LD50, Rat, female, 7,236 mg/kg

#### Titanium dioxide

LD50, Rat, > 10,000 mg/kg

#### Dibutyl tin oxide

LD50, Rat, female, 164 mg/kg

LD50, Rat, male, 176 mg/kg

#### Acute dermal toxicity

##### Information for the Product:

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):  
LD50, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

**Information for components:**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

This substance may hydrolyze to release Methanol. Effects of methanol are the same as observed via oral and inhalation exposure and include central nervous system (CNS) depression, visual impairment up to blindness, metabolic acidosis, with effects on organ systems such as liver, kidneys and heart, even death.

LD50, Rabbit, female, 3,259 mg/kg

LD50, Rabbit, male, 3,880 mg/kg

**Titanium dioxide**

LD50, Rabbit, 10,000 mg/kg

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

**Information for the Product:**

Brief exposure (minutes) is not likely to cause adverse effects. Vapor may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea. Excessive exposure may cause: Central nervous system depression

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

**Information for components:**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

This substance may hydrolyze to release Methanol. Inhalation of methanol may cause effects ranging from headache, narcosis and visual impairment to metabolic acidosis, blindness, and even death.

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, vapour, 16.8 mg/l

**Titanium dioxide**

LC50, Rat, male, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 6.82 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

The LC50 has not been determined.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**



Based on information for component(s):  
Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.  
Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.  
May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

**Information for components:**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

**Titanium dioxide**

Essentially nonirritating to skin.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

Brief contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.  
Prolonged contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, and tissue damage.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Based on information for component(s):  
May cause slight temporary eye irritation.  
Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

**Information for components:**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.  
Corneal injury is unlikely.  
Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

**Titanium dioxide**

Solid or dust may cause irritation due to mechanical action.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

**Sensitization**

**For skin sensitization:**

Not classified based on available information.

**For respiratory sensitization:**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

For skin sensitization:  
Contains component(s) which did not cause allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

Contains component(s) which have not demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:  
No relevant data found.

**Information for components:**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:  
No relevant data found.

**Titanium dioxide**

Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.  
Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:  
No relevant data found.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

For similar material(s):  
Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:  
No relevant data found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Information for components:**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Titanium dioxide**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

Causes damage to organs.  
Route of Exposure: Ingestion  
Target Organs: thymus gland

**Aspiration Hazard**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Information for components:**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Titanium dioxide**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)**

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Based on information for component(s):

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Bladder.

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs after ingestion:

Liver.

**Information for components:**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Bladder.

**Titanium dioxide**

Repeated excessive inhalation exposures to dusts may cause respiratory effects.

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Lung.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

For similar material(s):

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Thymus.

Blood.

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Based on information for component(s): Kidney effects and/or tumors have been observed in male rats. These effects are believed to be species specific and unlikely to occur in humans. Liver effects and/or tumors have been observed in rats. These effects are believed to be species specific and unlikely to occur in humans. Contains an additional component(s) that is not expected to be bioavailable due to the physical state of the material under normal handling and processing conditions.

**Information for components:**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

No relevant data found.

**Titanium dioxide**

Lung fibrosis and tumors have been observed in rats exposed to titanium dioxide in two lifetime inhalation studies. Effects are believed to be due to overloading of the normal respiratory clearance mechanisms caused by the extreme study conditions. Workers exposed to titanium dioxide in the workplace have not shown an unusual incidence of chronic respiratory disease or lung cancer. Titaniumdioxide was not carcinogenic in laboratory animals in lifetime feeding studies.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

Similar material(s) did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Component**

**Titanium dioxide**

**List**

IARC

ACGIH

**Classification**

Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

**Teratogenicity**

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Information for the Product:**

Contains component(s) which caused birth defects in laboratory animals. Contains component(s) which, in laboratory animals, have been toxic to the fetus only at doses toxic to the mother.

**Information for components:**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

**Titanium dioxide**

No relevant data found.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

For similar material(s): Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals.

**Reproductive toxicity**

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Information for the Product:**

Based on information for component(s): In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with reproduction. In laboratory animals, excessive doses toxic to the parent animals caused decreased weight and survival of offspring. There were no effects on fertility at any dose.

**Information for components:****Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

**Titanium dioxide**

No relevant data found.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

For similar material(s): In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with reproduction.

**Mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative for component(s) tested. Contains component(s) which were negative in some animal genetic toxicity studies and positive in others. Positive findings were observed only at doses which produced significant inflammation.

**Information for components:****Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Titanium dioxide**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. For similar material(s): Animal genetic toxicity studies were positive.

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**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data are available.*

**Toxicity****Trimethoxyvinylsilane****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic invertebrates on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 > 100 mg/L).

For the hydrolysis product:

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 191 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

For the hydrolysis product(s)

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 168.7 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

For the hydrolysis product(s)

EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, > 89 mg/l

For the hydrolysis product(s)

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 89 mg/l

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, activated sludge, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

For the hydrolysis product:

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, number of offspring, 28.1 mg/l

**Titanium dioxide**

**Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

NOEC, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe), static test, 48 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EC50, Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom), 72 Hour, > 10,000 mg/l

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, 3 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

**Dibutyl tin oxide**

**Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Zebra fish (Danio/Brachydanio rerio), 72 Hour, >3.1 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 2.0 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EC50, Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, >1.6 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

**Persistence and degradability**

**Trimethoxyvinylsilane**

**Biodegradability:** Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 51 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

#### Titanium dioxide

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradation is not applicable.

#### Dibutyl tin oxide

**Biodegradability:** Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 0 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

##### Trimethoxyvinylsilane

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -0.82 Estimated.

##### Titanium dioxide

**Bioaccumulation:** Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

##### Dibutyl tin oxide

**Bioaccumulation:** No data available for assessment due to technical difficulties with testing.

#### **Mobility in soil**

##### Trimethoxyvinylsilane

No relevant data found.

##### Titanium dioxide

No data available.

##### Dibutyl tin oxide

No relevant data found.

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## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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**Disposal methods:** DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN SDS SECTION 1: Identified Uses. FOR UNUSED &

UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section 10 Regulatory Information, MSDS Section 15

**Treatment and disposal methods of used packaging:** Empty containers should be recycled or otherwise disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility of the waste generator. Do not re-use containers for any purpose.

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## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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**DOT**

Not regulated for transport

**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

**Transport in bulk  
according to Annex I or II  
of MARPOL 73/78 and the  
IBC or IGC Code**

Not regulated for transport  
Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

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**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312**

Reproductive toxicity

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313**

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

**Components**

Diisononyl phthalate

**CASRN**

28553-12-0



**Pennsylvania Right To Know**

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

<b>Components</b>	<b>CASRN</b>
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1
Diisononyl phthalate	28553-12-0
Silyl Terminated Polyether Mixture	Not available
Limestone	1317-65-3
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7
Trimethoxyvinylsilane	2768-02-7
Red/yellow colorant	Not available
Carbon black	1333-86-4

**California Prop. 65**

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Diisononyl phthalate, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

**United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)**

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

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**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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**Hazard Rating System**

**NFPA**

Health	Flammability	Instability
0	1	0

**HMIS**

Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard
0*	1	0

\* = Chronic Effects (See Hazards Identification)

**Revision**

Identification Number: 99171491 / A001 / Issue Date: 09/03/2024 / Version: 7.0

In case this version of the SDS contains significant changes from the previous version, they are listed below or noted by bold, double bars in the left-hand margin throughout this document.

Changes encompass identification, hazards, tox/eco-tox information and the addition/removal of the ingredients, and regulatory information, hazard information, uses, risk management measures and other key regulatory changes of the product. Detailed explanation of the changes can be obtained upon request.

**Legend**

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
STEL	Short-term exposure limit

TWA	Time weighted average
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**Full text of other abbreviations**

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECL - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

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